

# Ranvet's Calmant Injection 5 mL

Ranvet

Chemwatch: **4677-55** Version No: **6.1.1.1** 

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 0

Issue Date: 11/01/2019 Print Date: 02/13/2020 S.GHS.AUS.EN

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Ranvet's Calmant Injection 5 mL
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Sedative / analgesic for horses.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Ranvet		
Address	10-12 Green Street Banksmeadow NSW 2019 Australia		
Telephone	61 2 9666 1744		
Fax	+61 2 9666 1755		
Website	http://www.ranvet.com.au/other_msds.htm		
Email	info@ranvet.com.au		

# Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Ranvet
Emergency telephone numbers	+61 425 061 584
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

#### **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Poisons Schedule	S4
Classification [1]	Not Applicable

## Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE

# Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

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CAS No	%[weight]	Name
90038-01-0	1	detomidine hydrochloride
Not Available	>60	performance additives nonhazardous
7732-18-5		water

# **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

# Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes:  • Wash out immediately with water.  • If irritation continues, seek medical attention.  • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.		
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs:  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.		
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>		
Ingestion	If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre.		

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Following recent ingestion or overdose of anxiolytic sedatives, hypnotics and neuroleptics, the stomach may be emptied by gastric lavage and aspiration. Patients should be managed with intensive symptomatic and supportive therapy with particular attention being paid to the maintenance of cardiovascular, respiratory and renal functions and to the maintenance of electrolyte balance.

MARTINDALE: The Extra Pharmacopoeia, 29th Edition

#### **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Extinguishing media**

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

# Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Advice for firefighters			
Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> </ul>		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>▶ Non combustible.</li> <li>▶ Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.</li> <li>Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of:</li> <li>carbon dioxide (CO2)</li> <li>carbon monoxide (CO)</li> <li>hydrogen chloride</li> <li>phosgene</li> <li>nitrogen oxides (NOx)</li> <li>other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> <li>May emit poisonous fumes.</li> </ul>		
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable		

Avoid contamination with strong oxidising agents as ignition may result

# **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

## **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> <li>Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	Minor hazard.  ► Clear area of personnel.  ► Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.  ► Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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#### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	<ul> <li>Limit all unnecessary personal contact.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> </ul>
Other information	<ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.</li> </ul>

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Ampoule. Vial.	
Storage incompatibility	► Avoid reaction with oxidising agents	

#### **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Control parameters

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

#### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
Ranvet's Calmant Injection 5 mL	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
detomidine hydrochloride	Not Available		Not Available	
water	Not Available		Not Available	

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE BANDING

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
detomidine hydrochloride	Е	≤ 0.01 mg/m³
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.	

#### **Exposure controls**

#### Appropriate engineering controls

None required when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE:

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

## Personal protection







# Eye and face protection

No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE:

Safety glasses with side shields.

▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.

Skin protection

Hands/feet protection

No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.

**Body protection** 

See Other protection below

No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE:

# Other protection

Overalls.

- Barrier cream.
- ▶ Eyewash unit.

# Recommended material(s)

#### GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the computer-generated selection:

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Material	CPI
Material	CPI

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BUTYL	A
NEOPRENE	A
VITON	A
NATURAL RUBBER	С
PVA	С

<sup>\*</sup> CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

## **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colourless liquid; mixes with water.		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Applicable
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

## **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product
Ingestion	Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments  The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.  Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure. The anxiolytic sedatives, hypnotics and neuroleptics may produce dependence in susceptible individuals; dependency is characterised by a strong need to continue taking the drug, a tendency to increase the dose, a psychic dependence on the effects of the drug, and a physical dependence on the effects of the drug for the maintenance of homeostasis, with a characteristic abstinence syndrome on withdrawal. Imidazole is structurally related, and has been used to counteract the effects of histamine. Imidazoles have been reported to disrupt male fertility,

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

<sup>\*</sup> Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

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through disruption of the function of the testes. TOXICITY IRRITATION Ranvet's Calmant Injection 5 Not Available Not Available TOXICITY IRRITATION detomidine hydrochloride Oral (rat) LD50: 60 mg/kg[2] Not Available TOXICITY IRRITATION water Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg<sup>[2]</sup> Not Available

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.\* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise

DETOMIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE	* - Oral value derived from Pfizer MSDS. In horses detomidine produces a profound lethargy and characteristic lowering of the head with reduced sensitivity to environmental stimuli (sounds, etc.). A short period of in-coordination is characteristically followed by immobility and a firm stance with front legs spread. Following administration there is an initial increase in blood pressure, followed by bradycardia and second degree atrioventricular block (this is not pathologic in horses). The horse commonly sweats to excess, especially on the flanks and neck.		
WATER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.		
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

Legend:

★ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

# **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Legend:

# Toxicity

	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
Ranvet's Calmant Injection 5 mL	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
detomidine hydrochloride	LC50	96	Fish	0.490mg/L	3
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.595mg/L	3
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
water	LC50	96	Fish	897.520mg/L	3
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	8768.874mg/L	3
Legend:	V3.12 (QSAR) -	1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registere Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecc apan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - B	otox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC	,	

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

# Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
detomidine hydrochloride	HIGH	HIGH
water	LOW	LOW

# Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
detomidine hydrochloride	MEDIUM (LogKOW = 4.4607)
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)

# Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
detomidine hydrochloride	LOW (KOC = 16740)
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

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#### **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- Recycle wherever possible.
- Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).
- Decontaminate empty containers.

# **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### DETOMIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - Dangerous Goods List

Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - List of Emergency Action Codes

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -

International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations

# WATER IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not apply

# **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status		
Australia - AICS	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Canada - DSL	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Canada - NDSL	No (detomidine hydrochloride; water)		
China - IECSC	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Japan - ENCS	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Korea - KECI	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes		
Philippines - PICCS	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
USA - TSCA	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Taiwan - TCSI	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Mexico - INSQ	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Vietnam - NCI	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Russia - ARIPS	No (detomidine hydrochloride)		
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)		

# **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date	11/01/2019
Initial Date	07/28/2006

## **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
5.1.1.1	08/03/2016	Acute Health (swallowed)
6.1.1.1	11/01/2019	One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification

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Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

# **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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